

Provider contracts and Medicare Advantage plans

Below are frequently asked questions (FAQs) that cover general information about options available to Medicare beneficiaries whose providers, or hospital, no longer contract with their Medicare Advantage plan.

Question	Answer
If my provider or hospital no longer contracts with my Medicare Advantage insurance carrier, what are my options?	 Providers and hospitals that contract with Medicare Advantage insurance carriers can terminate contracts at any time.
	 When this happens, plan members do not get the chance to change plans unless the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS) determines that a significant population is affected and allows a Special Enrollment Period (SEP).
	If an SEP is available, you may choose another Medicare Advantage plan with which your providers are contracted. Always check with your provider to make sure they accept your Medicare Advantage plan.
	 If CMS allows a SEP, you also have the option to enroll in a stand-alone drug plan, also called Medicare Part D. Enrolling in Medicare Part D would return you to Original Medicare.
	 It's important to remember that Original Medicare has a 20 percent co-insurance, has no cap on out-of-pocket costs and other services may cost more.
My plan offers out of network benefits. Does this help me?	 Plans that provide benefits when you see providers that are out-of-network will continue to provide coverage, but you may have a higher co-pay.
	It's important to know that while the plan may cover out- of-network services, not all providers will accept and bill to plans with which they are not contracted.

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	Check with your provider first to be sure they will bill to your insurance plan even though they are out-of- network.
Do all medical providers accept Original Medicare?	 Most providers do contract with and bill Original Medicare. However, many will limit how many patients they take with this insurance. You may need to get on a waiting list to access your provider of choice until they are accepting new patients who have Original Medicare.
What is guaranteed issue, and does it apply if my provider or hospital no longer contracts with my Medicare Advantage plan?	 Guaranteed Issue (GI) means you have a special time period when you can purchase a Medicare Supplement policy, also called Medigap, to cover the out-of-pocket costs related to Original Medicare without completing a medical review. GI is available when you lose medical coverage through no choice of your own. If you are in a Medicare Advantage plan and your provider or hospital no longer contracts with that plan, you are not losing your plan. You are losing your provider. This situation would not provide GI protection. You may still apply for a Medigap policy but would need to complete a medical review. The insurer is not required to issue a policy.
Can I still get emergency room services at a hospital?	 Emergency hospital services are covered. However, it is important to understand that if you go to the emergency room for a non-emergency situation, the services may not be covered. Whenever possible, make sure the services you receive are covered by your plan.

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What if I need care after my provider or hospital stops accepting my Medicare Advantage plan but before my new coverage begins?	 Those enrolled in Medicare plans affected by a terminated provider contract will need to contact their plan to find a new in-network provider. If the Medicare Advantage plan has out-of-network coverage, and your provider is willing to bill to the plan as out-of-network, this may be an option. Check with your provider and with your plan.
What if during open enrollment I switch to Original Medicare and later find out my Medicare Advantage plan will still be accepted by my provider or hospital?	 You can change your enrollment choice at any time during the open enrollment period, which runs from Oct. 15 through Dec. 7. This means if you are enrolled in Original Medicare, you can change your enrollment to Medicare Advantage or add additional options such as Part D or Medigap, any time before Dec. 7 for coverage to start Jan. 1.
How does the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment period affect my choices?	 If you start the year on Jan. 1 enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan, you have until March 31 to make a change. You may enroll in a stand-alone drug plan (Medicare Part D) which would return you to Original Medicare for all medical coverage. You may also choose a different Medicare Advantage plan. It's important to note that only one action is allowed during the Medicare Advantage Open Enrollment period. Do not terminate an enrollment during this period. Terminating enrollment in an existing Medicare Advantage plan would be one action and would leave you in Original Medicare without drug coverage.
What if I do nothing and make no changes during Open Enrollment?	 If you are already enrolled in a Medicare Advantage plan and you do not take action during the Oct. 15 – Dec. 15 Open Enrollment period, you will stay in your current plan.

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	If your insurer decides to stop offering Medicare Advantage, you will be automatically enrolled in Original Medicare but may lose some important benefits like prescription benefits. You will have a small window of time to select a new drug plan.
If I am receiving financial assistance, does this change my options?	 If you are receiving financial assistance either for your prescription drugs (Extra Help) or your Medicare premium (Medicare Savings Program), you can change plans once per calendar quarter during the first three quarters of the year to meet your needs. Calendar quarters are: First quarter: Jan. 1 – March 31; Second quarter: April 1 – June 30; Third quarter: July 1 – Sept. 30; and Fourth quarter: Oct. 1 – Dec. 31 In the fourth quarter, only the Medicare Open Enrollment period (Oct. 15 – Dec. 7) is available for a Jan. 1 effective date. Enroll in the plan you want, which will automatically terminate the plan that you do not want. Your new plan will take effect on the first day of the month following the enrollment action.
What else should I consider?	 If you return to Original Medicare, you need to pick a drug plan during Open Enrollment. If you do not pick a drug plan during Open Enrollment, you may need to pay a late enrollment penalty if you go more than 60 days without creditable drug coverage
Who can I contact if I have additional questions?	 You may contact your insurance carrier and your providers and hospital to see if they still contract with each other. You can also contact the state SHIBA office at 800-722-4134 for help. SHIBA provides free and confidential Medicare counseling to people in Oregon. SHIBA

Question	Answer
	cannot provide information about insurance and provider contracts but can help you explore your options.
	 You may contact a local insurance agent using the <u>Agent Locator Tool</u> to review your options.
How can SHIBA help?	 SHIBA is state sponsored and receives a federal grant to provide one-on-one counseling to Medicare beneficiaries about all their Medicare enrollment options, including traditional Medicare, Medicare Advantage, Medigap and Part D.
	 SHIBA cannot recommend specific plans, but counselors can explain all enrollment options.